



Tests to Assess the Potential for Moisture Damage in Asphalt Mixtures

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Moisture Damage Tests

⇒ Pre-SHRP

- Immersion-Compression Test
- Boil Test
- Texas Freeze-Thaw Pedestal Test
- Swell Test (Hveem)
- Lottman Test
- Root-Tunnicliff Test



Moisture Damage Tests

⇒ Post-SHRP

- Environmental Conditioning System
- Modified Lottman Test
- Root-Tunnicliff Test
- Hamburg Wheel Tracking Test



Modified Lottman Test

⇒ Standard Procedure

- AASHTO T-283

⇒ Specimen Size

- 4-inch (100-mm) diameter; 2.5-inch (63-mm) height
- 6-inch (150-mm) diameter; 3.75-inch (95-mm) height ?

⇒ Percentage of Air Voids

- Construction air voids
 - $7.0 \pm 1.0\%$



Modified Lottman Test

⇒ Aging

- Loose Mix

- 16 hours at 60C in forced draft oven

- Compacted Specimen

- 72-96 hours at ambient temperature (20-25C)



Modified Lottman Test

⇒ Specimen Conditioning (Conditioned Subset)

■ Partial Vacuum Saturation

- After compacted specimen aging
- Initial saturation of 55-80%



Modified Lottman Test

⇒ Specimen Conditioning (continued)

■ Freeze Cycle

– 15 hours at -18C

■ Thaw Cycle

– 24 hours at 60C



Modified Lottman Test

- ⇒ Specimen Conditioning (All Specimens)
 - Temperature Equilibration
 - 2 hours at 25C (water bath)

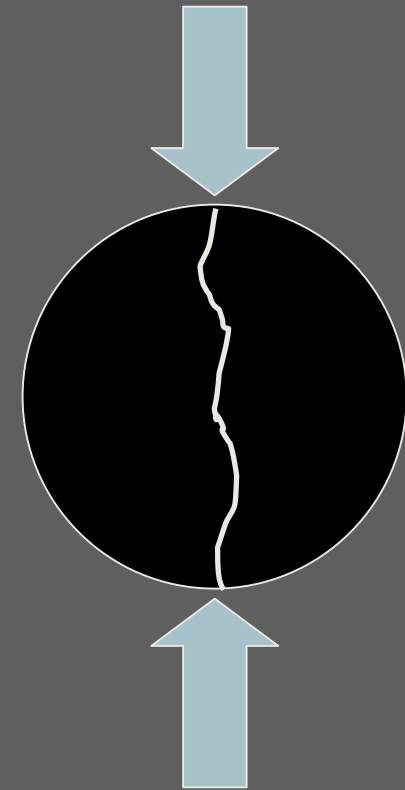
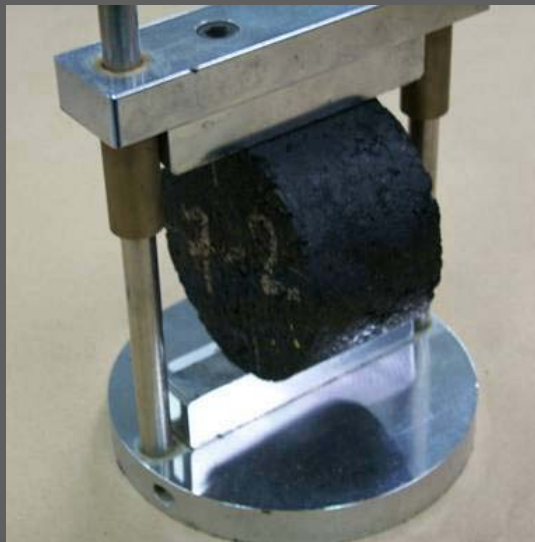


Modified Lottman Test

⇒ Mechanical Test

■ Indirect Tensile Strength

- 50 mm/min. displacement rate
- Peak Load at Failure



Modified Lottman Test

⇒ Test Result

■ Tensile Strength Ratio

- Average Indirect Tensile Strength of Conditioned Specimens ($S_{t,wet}$)
- Average Indirect Tensile Strength of Conditioned Specimens ($S_{t,dry}$)

$$TSR = \frac{S_{t,wet}}{S_{t,dry}}$$



Modified Lottman Test

⇒ Interpreting the Results

- $\text{TSR} \geq 0.80$
 - Acceptable resistance to moisture damage
- Some agencies use $\text{TSR} \geq 0.70$ as criterion

⇒ Mix Adjustments for Poor TSR

- Liquid anti-stripping additives
- Hydrated Lime
- Change of aggregate/mix design



Root-Tunnicliff Test

⇒ Standard Procedure

- ASTM D4867

⇒ Specimen Size

- 4-inch (100-mm) diameter; 2.5-inch (63-mm) height
- 6-inch (150-mm) diameter; 3.75-inch (95-mm) height ?

⇒ Percentage of Air Voids

- Construction air voids
 - $7.0 \pm 1.0\%$



Root-Tunnicliff Test

⇒ Aging

- Loose Mix

- None required

- Compacted Specimen

- None required (cool)

⇒ Specimen Conditioning (Conditioned Subset)

- Partial Vacuum Saturation

- Initial saturation of 55-80%



Root-Tunnicliff Test

⇒ Specimen Conditioning (continued)

- Freeze Cycle

- 15 hours at -18C (OPTIONAL)

- Thaw Cycle

- 24 hours at 60C

⇒ Specimen Conditioning (All Specimens)

- Temperature Equilibration

- 2 hours at 25C (water bath)

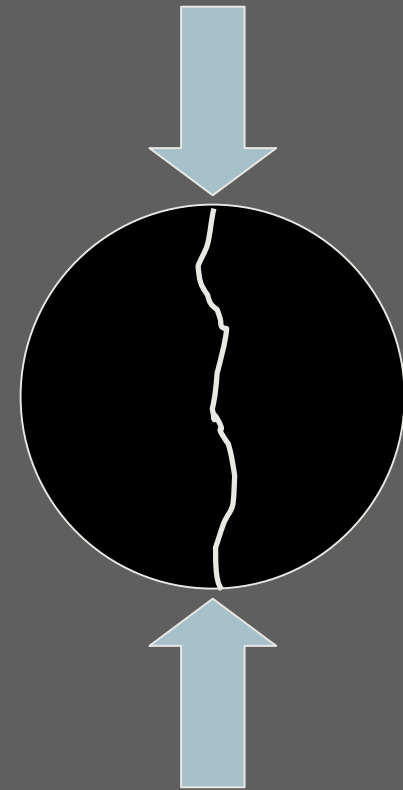
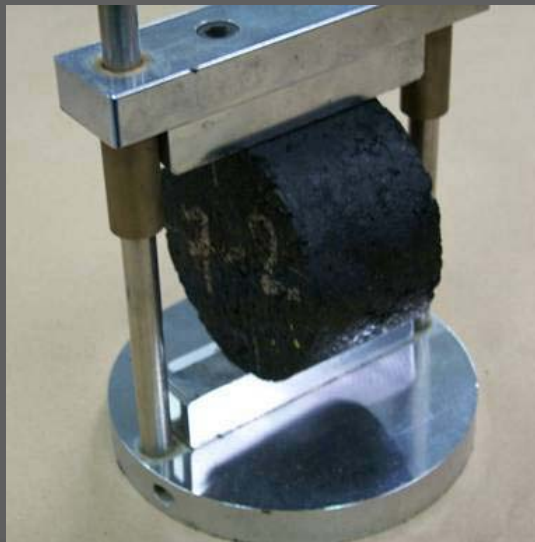


Root-Tunnicliff Test

⇒ Mechanical Test

■ Indirect Tensile Strength

- 50 mm/min. displacement rate
- Peak Load at Failure



Root-Tunnicliff Test

⇒ Test Result

■ Tensile Strength Ratio

- Average Indirect Tensile Strength of Conditioned Specimens ($S_{t,wet}$)
- Average Indirect Tensile Strength of Conditioned Specimens ($S_{t,dry}$)

$$TSR = \frac{S_{t,wet}}{S_{t,dry}}$$



Root-Tunnicliff Test

⇒ Interpreting the Results

- $\text{TSR} \geq 0.80$
 - Acceptable resistance to moisture damage
- Some agencies use $\text{TSR} \geq 0.70$ as criterion

⇒ Mix Adjustments for Poor TSR

- Liquid anti-stripping additives
- Hydrated Lime
- Change of aggregate/mix design



Environmental Conditioning System (ECS)

⇒ Standard Procedure

- SHRP-developed (A-003A)
- Oregon State University (Terrel et. Al.)

⇒ Specimen Size

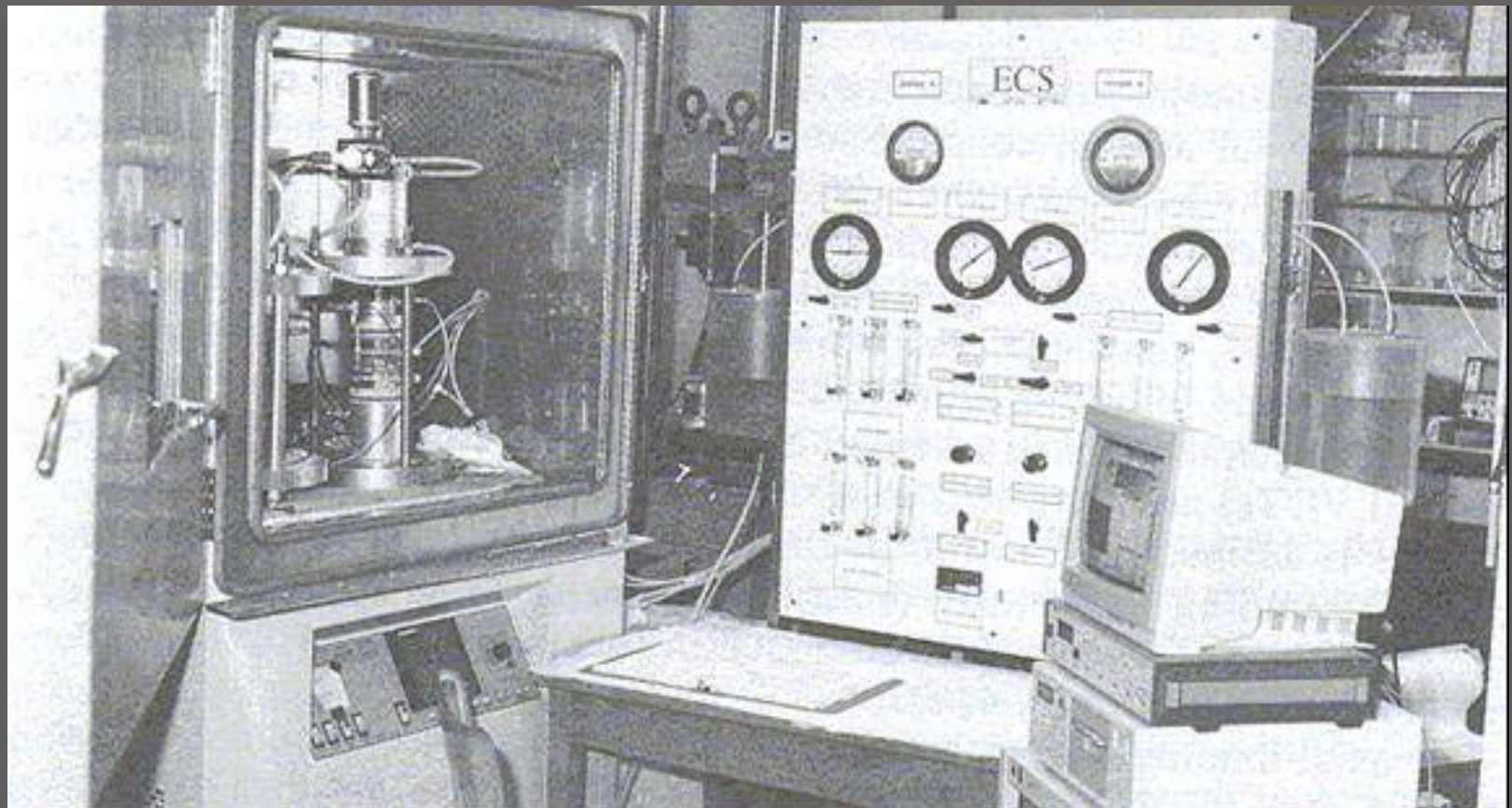
- 4-inch (100-mm) diameter; 4-inch (100-mm) height

⇒ Percentage of Air Voids

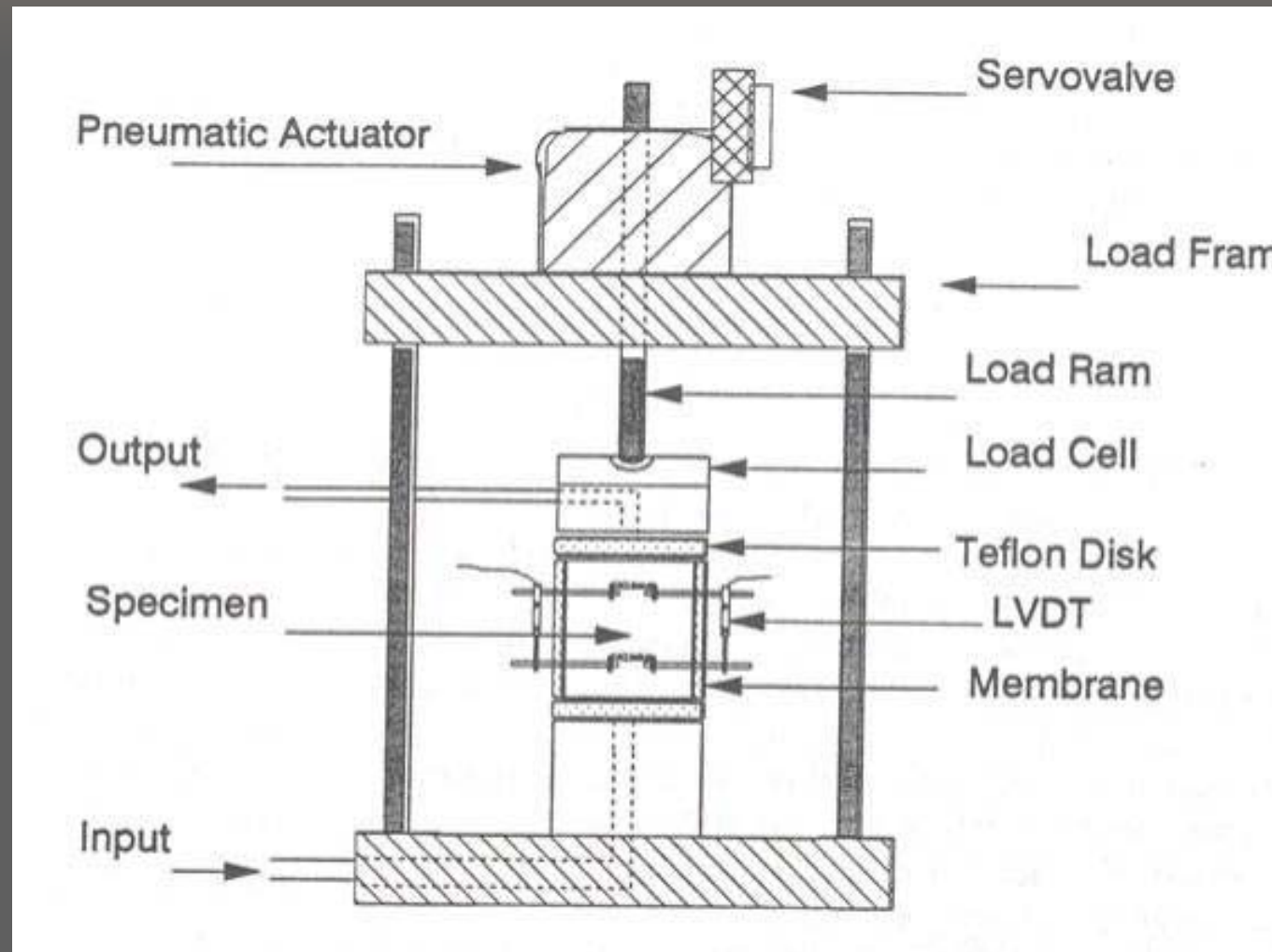
- Construction air voids



ECS



ECS



ECS

⇒ Aging

- Loose Mix
 - 4 hours at 135C
- Compacted Specimen
 - None required (cool)



ECS

⇒ Specimen Conditioning and Testing

- Initial Resilient Modulus (uniaxial)
- Thawing Cycles (1+)
 - 60C
 - Repeated loading, Mr
- Freeze Cycle
 - Optional
 - Repeated Loading, Mr



ECS

⇒ Interpreting the Results

■ Modulus Ratio

- Multiple conditioning cycles
- Accumulation of moisture damage



Loaded Wheel Tests

⇒ Test Temperature

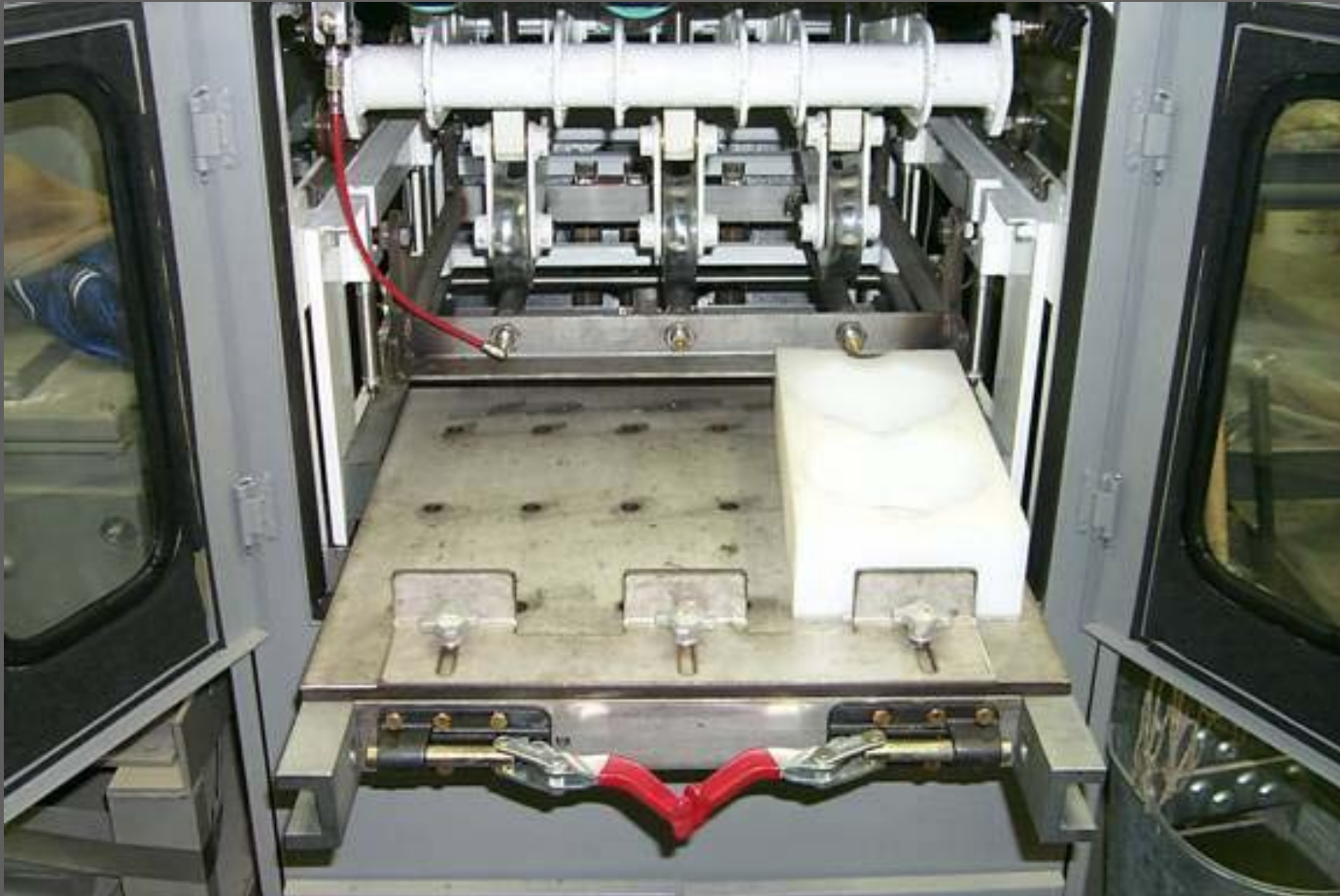
- High Temperatures (40-60C)
- Conducted under water

⇒ Loading

- Repeated Wheel Passes
 - Pressurized rubber hose w/ wheel
 - Steel wheel
 - Pneumatic wheel



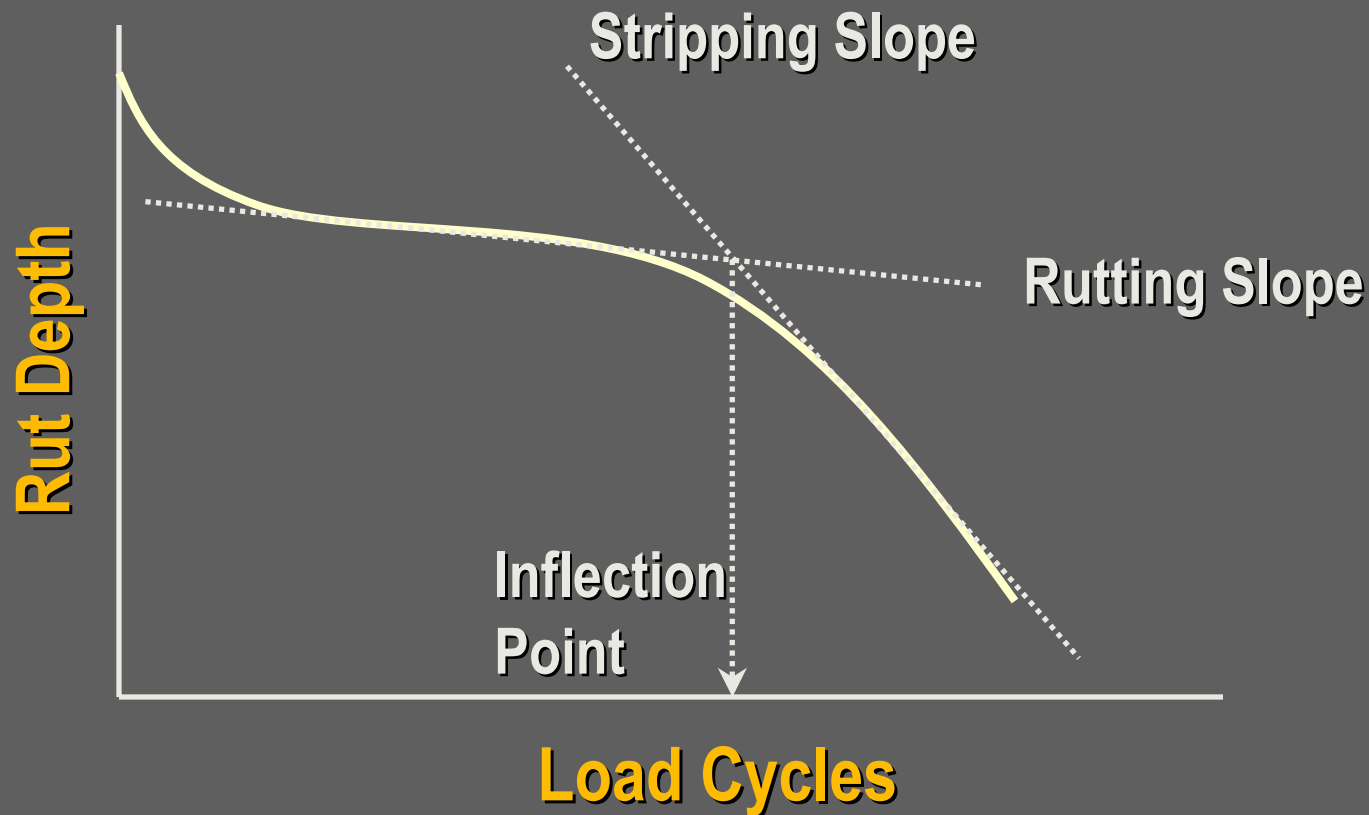
Asphalt Pavement Analyzer



Hamburg Wheel Tracker

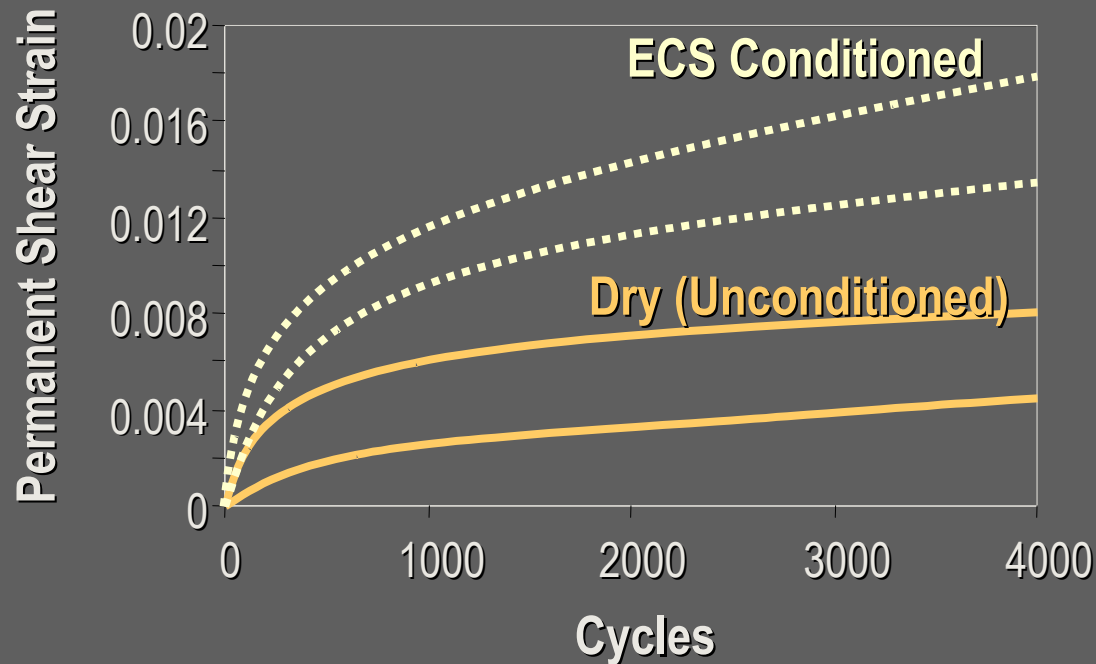


Hamburg Wheel Tracking Test



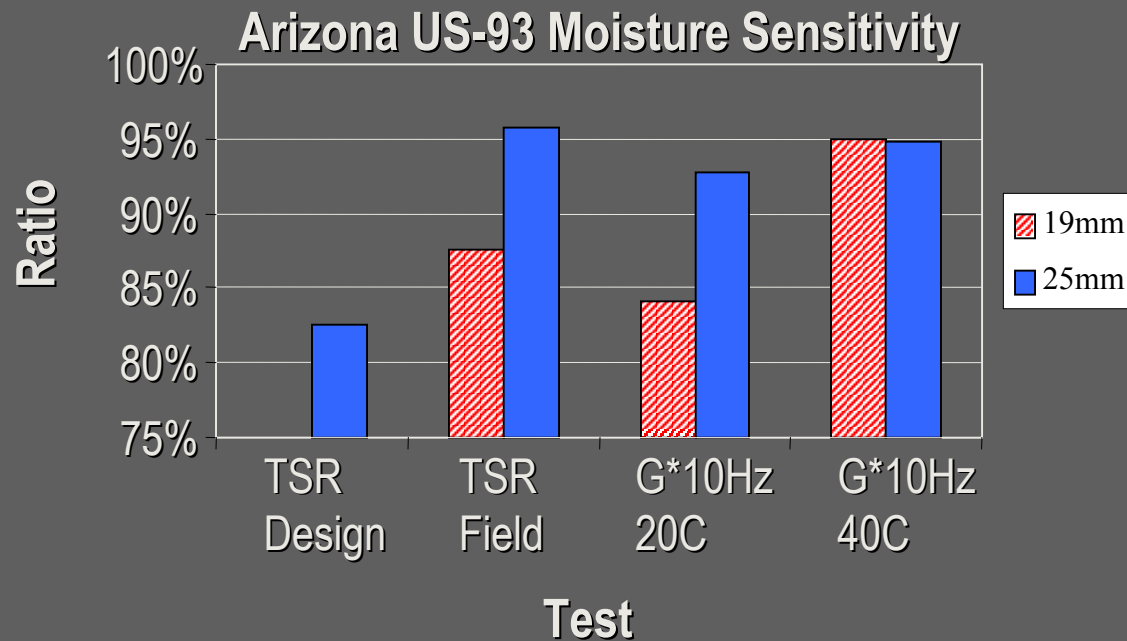
Other Tests

⇒ ECS Conditioning w/ Mechanical Property Test



Other Tests

⇒ Partial Vacuum Saturation w/ Mechanical Property Tests



Thanks !

